

PUERTO RICAN TARIFF BILL IS PASSED

Long and Bitter Struggle Ends in a Majority of Eight Votes For the Bill.

NINE REPUBLICANS OPPOSE

The Measure—Gen. Grosvenor Gives Richardson a Sound Drubbing. A Memorable Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The long and bitter struggle over the Puerto Rican tariff bill ended to-day when the house by a vote of 151 to 153 concurred in all the senate amendments. The bill now requires only the signature of the speaker of the house and the president of the senate before going to the President for his approval. These signatures will be attached to-morrow and before midnight the bill probably will be a law.

As the bill originally passed the house it was a simple bill imposing 15 per cent of the duty rates on goods going into Puerto Rico from the United States and coming from Puerto Rico into the United States. As amended by the senate and to-day agreed to by the house, all restrictions on goods coming into the United States from Puerto Rico are eliminated and certain foodstuffs and other articles which heretofore have gone into Puerto Rico free by executive order are excluded from the operation of the 15 per cent duty imposed on goods entering the island from the United States.

Civil Government for the Island.

A complete scheme of civil government for the island is also attached to the measure. Upon the final vote nine Republicans voted against the bill. Messrs. Heston, of Minnesota; Crumpacker, of Indiana; Lane, of Iowa; Littlefield, of Maine; McCall, of Massachusetts; H. C. Smith, of Michigan; Warner, of Illinois; Fletcher, of Maine, and Lorimer, of Illinois. Two Democrats, Messrs. Dwyer and Meyer, of Iowa, were paired with Democrats in favor of the bill and one Democrat, Mr. Sibley, of Pennsylvania, voted for it outright. Mr. De Vries, the other Democrat who voted for the original bill, to-day voted against concurrence. Mr. Stallings (Dem. Ala.) was the only member on either side absent and unpaired. The vote came at 5 o'clock after a very interesting and at times exciting debate of five hours, which covered not only the bill but the special order under which the house acted.

Had Its Dramatic Feature.

One of the most dramatic features of the day was the reading by Mr. Richardson, the minority leader of the original opinion of Charles E. Magoon, the legal adviser of the war department, in favor of the view that the constitution extended over Puerto Rico ex proprio vigore. Mr. Deliver, of Iowa, in reply, termed Mr. Macdonald a clerk who tried to overrule the great lawyer at the head of the war department. Messrs. H. C. Smith, of Michigan; Warner, of Illinois; Crumpacker, of Indiana; McCall, of Massachusetts, and Lorimer, of Illinois, all Republicans, made speeches against the resolution to concur.

Mr. Richardson, the leader of the Democracy, charged that the Republicans had changed front on the bill, and that they were governed by mercenary motives.

Babcock Gets in His Work.

Mr. Babcock (Wis.), chairman of the Republican congressional campaign committee, to whom Mr. Dalzell yielded a minute and a half, indignantly repeated the charge of Mr. Richardson that the Republican campaign committee had received a money consideration for the Puerto Rican tariff bill. As a member of that committee, he desired to denounce it as absolutely without foundation and he challenged any one to name the Republican who was responsible for such a charge.

Jumping to his feet Mr. Pierce, (Tenn.), tried to interrupt Mr. Babcock, but the latter waved him aside. "He withdraws his challenge," shouted a voice on the Democratic side, amid a hail of derision.

Mr. Babcock paid no attention to it. The shoe was on the other foot, he continued. The tobacco trust and the sugar trust, he said, had started the free trade agitation. This statement produced more derisive cries from the opposition which, however, were drowned in Republican cheers.

Grosvenor Jabs the Enemy.

Mr. Grosvenor, (Ohio), followed with a speech that kept his side in almost continuous applause. It was a glorious thing, he said, to witness the anxiety of the Democratic party and the misgiving press lest the Republican party should destroy itself. He had witnessed it before, but he had never seen it so anxious as now to avert from the Republican party the odium and curse of an outrageous public sentiment. (Republican cheers). He referred sarcastically to an editorial this morning, in "one of these independent papers which would probably support Bryan," appealing to the Republicans for God's sake not to do themselves injury. It gave the "brand of hypocrisy" to the whole "outfit," he said. Mr. Grosvenor said he intended the Democratic party for making opposition to this bill, the test of Democracy and these Democrats who had previously voted for the tariff bill were now placed alligant to party when consistency.

Speaks in Unvarnished Language.

Alliance to this bill was now, he said, the shibboleth of Republicanism. He hurled back in Mr. Richardson's

teeth the charge of bribery. Did the gentleman from Tennessee, he asked, think he could be a hypocrite everywhere? He himself did not believe it. If he believed any Republican had made such a statement, why had he not investigated it? "We do not believe it," cried Mr. Grosvenor. "We know it is a lie. (Republican applause). I do not say no man made the statement. But if he did he is a liar. (Democratic cheers). Let the gentleman from Tennessee bring in a resolution and it will be adopted in fifteen minutes."

"I did not make the statement myself," interrupted Mr. Richardson.

"Oh, no," retorted Mr. Grosvenor. "That is like the shining, slippery character of the gentleman." (Republican applause).

A Wise and Just Course.

At this juncture Mr. Grosvenor's time expired and Mr. Dalzell concurred the debate on the rule. Reverting to Mr. Richardson's characterization of the rule as an "outrage" he recalled the rule brought in when the Democrats concurred in the senate amendments to the Wilson tariff bill evoking frequent applause during the recital. "Scribes, pharisees and hypocrites," he denominated the Democrats for prating of the change of base made by the Republicans. When the Puerto Rican tariff bill was originally presented, he said, it had been advocated and opposed with the time honored traditions of the respective parties. The Democrats had found their law in the Dred Scott decision, their politics in the philosophy of John C. Calhoun. The Republicans had found their law in the speeches of Daniel Webster, their politics in the platform upon which Abraham Lincoln had been elected. The majority upon whose shoulders the responsibility rested, he said, were ready to assume it and he predicted, in conclusion that the day was not far distant when the masses of the people of the country would recognize their course as wise and beneficent for the people of Puerto Rico.

Chairman Payne closed the debate. He spoke with much feeling and said that despite criticisms his connection with this Puerto Rican bill was the proudest act of his life.

Be a Law by To-night.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The Puerto Rican bill will reach the President some time to-morrow afternoon. The engrossed parchment was prepared to-day, prior to the final vote which, however, came so late that it was inexpedient to secure the signatures of Speaker Henderson and president of the senate Frye to the engrossed bill. This final formality will be performed as soon as the session opens to-morrow, so that by 1 o'clock the bill can be taken to the white house. Representative Baker, of Maryland, chairman of the committee on enrolled bills, probably will deliver the bill to the President and it is expected that the presidential signature may be affixed at once.

Pacific Cable Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—With little debate of importance the senate to-day passed the Pacific cable bill, a measure appropriating \$3,000,000 for the construction of a cable line between San Francisco and Honolulu. The bill was unanimously reported by the committee on naval affairs and that it was passed without serious objection is regarded as a compliment to the committee.

During the greater part of the session the District of Columbia appropriation bill was under consideration. As passed it carries nearly \$5,000,000.

HORRIBLE PLAGUE

Has India Completely Within Its Toils—Affects Over 3,000,000 People—Must Fight the Disease Alone.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The state department has made public one of its reports upon which it based its statement to the navy department relative to the famine in India. This particular report is from United States Consul Fee at Bombay, and presents startling figures to illustrate the extent of the visitation. Mr. Fee says that notwithstanding the season of acute distress has hardly commenced the returns far exceed those recorded during the initial stages of the famine three years ago. It then affected only 1,000,000 persons; now the figure is 3,500,000 and the daily expenditure is placed at \$44,000. The famine area covers 300,000 square miles with a population of 49,000,000, and there is a further area of about 145,000 square miles with a population of 21,000,000, in which more or less distress prevails and where relief already has been or will be given. The consul says that the applications for relief are overtaxing the state authorities and are increasing at an appalling rate, the number of applications at the relief work during the last week in January advancing 350,000 and bringing up the total to 2,500,000 with the most trying period still two months distant. In conclusion the consul expresses the fear that the South African war will so divert the attention and contributions of Englishmen as to oblige India to fight the plague and famine alone.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the senate:

Daniel W. Patrick, of Gold Hill, N. C., to be census supervisor for the Second district of North Carolina.

War—Artillery—To be Captain—First Lieutenant L. N. Lewis, Seventh.

To be first Lieutenant—Second Lieutenant S. P. Bottoms, Sixth.

Infantry—To be first Lieutenant—Second Lieutenant William K. McCue, First.

Navy—To be first Lieutenant in marine corps—John P. V. Gridley, of Pennsylvania.

The British government, the Associated Press is reliably informed, stands ready to take the part of Portugal in case the Boers attempt reprisals.

THIS STATE WILL SECURE FISH STATION.

Senator Elkins Has Bill Passed the Senate—Captain Dovenier Engineers it in the House.

BILLS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS

At Bluefield and Huntington—Each Structure Will Cost About \$75,000.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—Senator Elkins called up to-day and had passed through the senate the bill to provide for a fish structural station in West Virginia. The provisions of the bill have been already printed in the Intelligencer. It is understood Representative Dovenier aided by all his colleagues, will make a strenuous effort to have the measure approved by the house at the present session. A duplicate of the senate bill has already been introduced there by Mr. Dovenier, and as the item of expense involved is small—but \$25,000—it is believed the house will pass it.

Public Building at Bluefield.

On motion of Senator Scott, of the committee on public buildings and grounds, the bill introduced by Senator Elkins in December, providing for the purchase of a site and the construction thereon of a public building at Bluefield, West Virginia, was taken up to-day and passed under suspension of the rules. The measure, heretofore given in full in the Intelligencer, provides for the appropriation of \$70,000 to purchase the site, and pay for the erection of the structure, the usual regulations being enjoined. A duplicate of the bill is pending in the house. It was introduced there by Representative Johnston.

Huntington's Proposed Building.

Senator Scott to-day introduced in the senate a bill, the duplicate of one introduced in the house by Representative Freer, to provide for the purchase of a site, and the erection of a public building at Huntington, West Virginia. The usual specifications are made as to fire proof construction and other details, the building to be used for United States postoffice and other governmental purposes. The sum of \$75,000 is appropriated to meet the expense of purchasing the site, and of construction.

The pending appropriation bill for the District of Columbia contains an item increasing to \$2,400, the salary of the superintendent of street and alley cleaning, of Washington, an office filled most acceptably for several years past by Mr. Warner Studley, formerly a resident and still a citizen of West Union, W. Va.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY

Will Deliver an Address Before the Protestant Ecumenical Conference on Foreign Missions—Harrison to be Present.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—President McKinley is going to New York on April 21, to deliver an address before the Protestant Ecumenical conference on foreign missions. This distinguished body of the Protestant churches of the world meets in Carnegie hall on that date and at 8 o'clock in the evening will listen to addresses by the President and representatives of the state and city of New York. The honorary president of the conference is former President Benjamin Harrison. President McKinley will remain in New York over Sunday. Early next month and possibly the last of this the President intends going to Canton for a few days to look over the repairs that are being made to his residence.

Henry L. West, president of the Gridiron club, of this city, and Gen. H. V. Boynton, its former president, called at the white house to-day and invited the President to attend the dinner of the club on the 25th inst. The President said it would give him great pleasure to attend if he found it possible to do so.

VERMONT DEMOCRATS

Will Not Consider Deway's Name—Solid For Bryan.

MONTPELIER, Vt., April 11.—The Vermont Democrats are considering plans for the state and district conventions which will probably be held early in June. The leaders of the state organization claim that the conventions will not consider Admiral Dewey's name in choosing delegates to the Kansas City convention, and that the eight votes from Vermont will be cast for William Jennings Bryan for president.

Marconi System a Success.

BERLIN, April 11.—It is announced officially that the tests with the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy between the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and other steamers and the light house on the island of Borkum at the mouth of the Ems, have proved successful. Morse writing being perfectly reproduced at a distance of eighteen miles. New tests have been ordered.

Gen. Lee in Command.

WASHINGTON, April 11.—The President to-day issued an order merging the departments of Havana and Pinar del Rio, Cuba, under the command of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, with headquarters at Quemados. The change will take effect May 1. At present Gen. Ludlow is in command of the department of Havana, which is to be amalgamated with Pinar del Rio.

Better Tone to the Market.

BOSTON, April 11.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow: There has been more looking around for wool on the part of manufacturers, several of whom are evidently getting ready to buy some stock, and there is on the whole a better tone to the market.

MACRUM MAD.

Takes no Stock in Newspaper Reports but the State Department has Slandered and Maligned Him.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., April 11.—Hon. Charles E. Macrum, ex-consul to Pretoria, South African republic, when seen this evening regarding the statement that Consul Adalbert Hay has failed to find any evidence of the consular mail being tampered with during Mr. Macrum's stay at Pretoria, said:

"While I do not take much stock in newspaper reports, this is such a palpable perversion of the truth that it is impossible to allow the matter to pass unnoticed, as it seems to have come from the state department. This statement is on a parallel with the malicious misrepresentations which came from the same department before I reached this country. If proofs of all my charges are not on file at the consulate in Pretoria it is because they have been wilfully abstracted therefrom. In short I want to say that the statement published to-day is a lie, nothing more or less. I have been slandered and maligned until I have become tired of it."

Board of Equalization Adjourns.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 11.—The state board of equalization adjourned to-day at noon, without transacting any further business, to meet here again May 2, when the reports from Kanawha, Clay, Fayette, Boone and Raleigh counties will be examined, and appeals from those counties heard.

Mother and Child Perish in Flames.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., April 11.—The residence of Peyton H. Ruble, seven miles below this city, was destroyed by fire to-day. Mrs. Ruble and a nine-year-old boy were burned to death, and Peyton Ruble was probably fatally burned.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Gen. Joe Wheeler will not contest to retain his seat in Congress.

The Democratic state convention which met at Raleigh, N. C., yesterday, will nominate Charles B. Aycock for governor.

James B. Kellogg, the head of the E. S. Dean Company, New York, was yesterday sentenced to seven years and six months in state prison.

Michael J. Hennessy yesterday at Dubuque, Iowa, filed a petition to have the will of his brother, Archbishop Hennessy, declared null and void.

Resolutions were adopted by the North Carolina Democratic convention declaring for white domination and denouncing "Russellism" and "Butlerism."

Contractors working on the Merchants' Loan & Trust building, Clark and Adams streets, are preparing to convert the new sky-scraper into a huge fortress.

The Chicago reception committee, consisting of W. B. Conkey and J. M. Glenn, had a final interview with Admiral Dewey yesterday. No mention was made of politics.

George W. Hull, the reputed millionaire and mine owner of Arizona, who was arrested yesterday in a telegram from Providence, R. I., was again arraigned in New York.

Perico Pipin, who recently led a small uprising against the government of Santo Domingo, has been sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$30,000 gold.

Five hundred pounds of plug cut tobacco have been seized in various stores in San Francisco, by internal revenue agents, because the packages were insufficiently stamped.

A cablegram announces the arrival at Cape Town of the transport Monterey, with the Strathcona Horse. All on board were well. One hundred and sixty-three horses died on the voyage.

Representatives of the National Iron Founders' Association and of the International Iron Workers' Union, after a two days' conference at Cincinnati, have disagreed on the wage scale.

The Pullast state convention of Montana has selected ten delegates and alternates to the national convention at Sioux Falls. The delegates were instructed for Bryan for President.

William J. Holmes, aged sixty-two, general superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph Company, on the line of the Erie railroad for forty years, died at his home in Paterson, N. J., yesterday.

Fire early Wednesday morning destroyed the Transportation building of the "Trans-Mississippi" exposition grounds at Omaha, Nebraska. It was the largest structure of the exposition and the only one which had been left standing.

William Wirt Howe, chairman of the committee of the American Bar Association on John Marshall Day has announced that the day will be celebrated on the 4th of February, 1901, in the city of Washington, in co-operation with the bar association of the District of Columbia.

Rear Admiral Hichborn, chief naval constructor, has been informed that eleven valuable models of American warships were seriously injured during their transportation from New York to Havre, on the converted cruiser Prairie. All the models shipped are valued at \$100,000.

The condition of Richard Mansfield, the actor, who has been ill at the Hollenden hotel, at Cleveland, since his arrival here Sunday last, has improved sufficiently to permit him to appear at the Euclid avenue opera house last night. Mr. Mansfield has been suffering from acute laryngitis.

Stephen Monaghan, a veteran of the civil war, since which time he has lived at Shamokin, Pa., in an old shop where he also cobbled shoes, died Wednesday, and when his papers were examined he was found to have left an estate of over \$30,000, principally in government bonds.

The whole west and southwest, including the states of Colorado, Wyoming, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, is experiencing a series of rain and snow storms, accompanied by temperatures ranging from fifteen to thirty degrees below normal, with heavy frosts over a large section of the heat belt.

Among the passengers who arrived at New York Wednesday, on board the steamer Oceanic, from Liverpool, were Phil Prasadhi, the Siamese minister to Great Britain; Geoffrey Drage, M. P., a student of the labor question; the Earl of Warwick; Lord Herbert L. H. Vane-Tempest, and A. J. Forbes-Leith, of Chicago.

James Francis Smith, district messenger boy 1,334, sailed on the St. Louis Wednesday, from New York, with a message of sympathy to President Kruger, signed by 23,554 school boys. He was accompanied by a reporter of the Philadelphia North American. Smith was given an enthusiastic send-off by an immense crowd.

GEN. GATACRE IS REMOVED OF COMMAND.

General Impression is That it is Connected with the Reddersburg Affair—May be Serious.

THE BRITISH CAUALTIES

Have Been Frightful and are Upward of 23,000 Officers and Men. Boers Holding Ground.

LONDON, April 12, 5:10 a. m.—There is little fresh intelligence from the seat of war in South Africa. It looks as though Lord Roberts may be preparing to take a strong force to clear the Boers from behind. A Cape Town dispatch says he will not move for another week owing to the necessity of gathering stores and supplies.

Sir William Gatacre's sudden removal is the theme of much speculation. The curt manner in which it is announced causes much comment. The general impression is that it is connected with the Reddersburg affair, although there are many who consider that there must be something much more serious, as other generals in South Africa have been retained in command after blunders more formidable than Gatacre's. The war office has received no news of the death of Col. Baden-Powell, and utterly discredits the rumor.

Operations in Natal not Explained.

The operations in Natal have not yet been fully explained. There appears to have been an attempt to outflank the British at Elandslaager and to sever them from their base at Ladysmith.

The Duke of Marlborough has arrived at Bloemfontein.

There are now fifteen grandsons of the Duchess of Abercorn serving with the British forces.

It is announced from Bloemfontein that Col. Inigo Jones has been appointed to the command of the guards brigade, Col. Maxwell to the command of the Fourteenth brigade, Col. Knox to the command of the Twenty-third brigade and Major Brazier-Creagh, of the Indian staff corps to the command of Roberts' horse.

CHICAGO AMBULANCE CORPS

Have Hard Work to Get Started. Were Looked upon as Filibusters.

LONDON, April 11.—The correspondent of the Daily Mail at Lourenco Marques, telegraphing Wednesday, says:

"The departure of the Chicago ambulance corps for Pretoria, was delayed on suspicion of filibustering. The members left by a special train this afternoon, accompanied by a motley following of French and Germans, 100 in all. The departure only occurred after many stormy interviews with the Portuguese authorities.

"The members have no passports and no credentials beyond a letter from Miss Clara Barton, to the effect that she knows some of them personally and believes them to be genuine, but many have openly expressed their intention of fighting. The Boers are paying from £20 to £40 per month for such recruits. "Thirty-five thousand Boers with 50 guns are concentrated on the range of hills between Kroonstad and Winburg. The whole line is fortified and is almost impregnable."

Gen. Gatacre Ordered Home.

LONDON, April 12.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Wednesday, says:

"It is announced in general orders that General Herbert Gatacre has been appointed to the command of the Third division, vice General Sir William Gatacre, ordered home to England. "General Brabant's force is confident of being able to hold out. The Boers, after showing considerable dash, have wavered when it came to the final issue and have struck at least the vital point where they are greatly handicapped by their proximity to the Basuto border.

"Owing to the strategical concentrations since the enemy's movements became defined, there need be no anxiety as to the safety of the Cape Colony. No organized invasion of Cape Colony is possible except under extreme risks which Commandant Olivier is not likely to take, especially as his horses are reported to be greatly exhausted."

UNMINDEFUL OF WHITE FLAG

A Boer Soldier Deliberately Kills One of England's Yeomanry.

LONDON, April 11.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"BLOEMFONTEIN, April 11. "Methuen reports that the party of Boers defeated April 5, made a good resistance for four hours, and only gave in when our troops with fixed bayonets were within fifteen yards of them. Seven of the enemy were killed, eleven wounded and fifty-one made prisoners. Beside Lieutenants Boyle and Williams, Sergeant Patrick Campbell was killed and ten of our men were wounded. Williams was killed deliberately after the white flag had been held up. The perpetrator of the crime was at once shot.

"Methuen speaks in high terms of the intelligent manner in which the Imperial yeomanry and the Kimberley mounted corps behaved.

"Buller reports that the enemy attacked his right flank yesterday, while he was engaged in changing his position, but our artillery silenced their guns and they did not press the attack. Our losses were four men killed and eight men wounded.

"There is no further news yet from Wepener."

England's Terrible Loss.

LONDON, April 11.—The war office issued this afternoon a return of the to-

tal British casualties up to April 7. It was as follows:

Killed in action, 211 officers and 1,900 men. Died of wounds, 48 officers and 465 men. Missing and prisoners, 183 officers and 1,722 men. Died of disease, 47 officers and 1,485 men. Accidental deaths, three officers and thirty-four men. Repatriated invalids, 238 officers and 4,334 men. Total, 22,265, exclusive of the sick and wounded now in hospitals.

To the war office returns of casualties must be added the losses of the last week, and the wounded, aggregating about 30,000 men, making a grand total of upwards of 25,000 officers and men put out of action.

Permanent Defenses Completed.

LONDON, April 11.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a dispatch dated Tuesday, says:

"The permanent defenses are nearing completion, so that the town can be held by a relatively small garrison. "News from General Brabant at Wepener shows that all is going satisfactorily there. The troops are getting new khaki serge uniforms and boots."

Gen. Baden-Powell Reported Dead.

PRETORIA, Tuesday, April 10.—It is reported here that Colonel Baden-Powell, (the British commander at Mafeking), is dead.

WEST VIRGINIA COAL

In Demand at Pittsburgh—Five Hundred Thousand Tons to be Shipped.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., April 11.—To avert any shortage of coal which may be at present threatened or at any time during the scale year the Pittsburgh Coal Company has closed a contract for 500,000 tons of West Virginia coal, which is to be delivered any time during the present year on demand. The Pittsburgh Coal Company has ordered that ten cars of coal per day on this contract be sent into the Pittsburgh market at once, to continue until further notice.

The Pittsburgh Coal Company has the privilege of doubling the contract if necessary, so that all the local orders can be filled without trouble in case the mines now idle should remain so indefinitely. Forty per cent of the river mines and 66 of the 149 railroad mines in the district are running to-day.

GET ANOTHER WHACK.

Bushnell's Hold-over Appointees Confirmed by the Senate.

COLUMBUS, O., April 11.—The senate to-night disposed of the recess appointments of Governor Bushnell, which have been hung up since the opening of the session. As some of the appointees had made themselves persona non grata to the friends of Governor Nash during the late campaign, there was a strong sentiment among the supporters of a demonstration in favor of their removal. Practically all of the recess appointments, however, were confirmed by the senate to-night, only three out of the original sixty-two failing on account of the personal objection of senators. Among the appointees confirmed are all inspectors Charles L. Kurtz and J. B. Luckey; insurance commissioner Matthews; railroad commissioner Kayler, and public printer Hirsch.

NEW COMPANY ORGANIZED

To Be Known as "G" Company First Regiment National Guard.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer. CHARLESTON, W. Va., April 11.—A new company of the national guard organized at Rowlesburg, Preston county, was to-day authorized by the adjutant general to become Company G, First regiment, and commissions were issued to Carlton C. Pierce to be captain, and C. W. Davis, to be first lieutenant. This completes the quota of the first regiment, and makes the new guard complete, except for a few vacancies among commissioned officers.

GEORGES CREEK MINE STRIKE.

Five Thousand Go Out and Look Like Protracted Struggle.

FROSTBURG, Md., April 11.—Five thousand miners of the Georges Creek region struck to-night and began what promises to be a protracted struggle for an increase of wages and incidentally the recognition by the operators of the United Mine Workers of America. The operators assert that they will not endeavor to work the mines, but will let them remain idle until the men get tired of inactivity and return to work of their own volition. On the other hand the miners claim that they are prepared to continue the contest indefinitely.

Good Friday Service.

At St. Matthew's church, on Good Friday, the following services will be conducted by the rector, Rev. David W. Howard: The penitential office, and ante-communion at 10:30 a. m.; the three hours service of the sacred passion from 12 m. to 3 p. m.; evening prayer and sermon on "The Crucifixion," at 7:30. A cordial invitation is extended to all of Christian brethren to attend these services, especially the three hours' service, which is commemorative of our Lord's death upon the cross. Surely all Christian people can unite in such a service as this, irrespective of church relations or individual opinions.

Matthew B. Reed Dead.

Yesterday afternoon, at the home of his son, Alonzo Reed, 39 Twenty-fifth street, South Side, occurred the death of Matthew B. Reed, in the eighty-seventh year of his age. Death was due to the infirmities of old age. The deceased was formerly a city weigher, and was a familiar figure.

Mrs. Mary Fleming Dies.

Yesterday morning occurred the death of Mrs. Mary Fleming, in the seventy-sixth year of her age. She was the widow of the late Robert A. Fleming.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio and western Pennsylvania, rain followed by clearing Thursday; Friday, fair and warmer; brisk southerly shifting to westerly wind.

For West Virginia, rain, followed by clearing and colder Thursday; Friday, fair, westerly.

Local Temperature.

The